

DLR - German Aerospace Center

**DLR Research Projects,
a contribution to the Vision 2020**



Historical roots



1907 – founding of the „Modellversuchsanstalt der Motorluftschiff-Studiengesellschaft“ - Research Facility for the „Airship development society“, later the „Aerodynamische Versuchsanstalt Göttingen“ AVA



1989 – transformation of the DFVLR in Deutsche Forschungsanstalt für Luft- und Raumfahrt (DLR)
Founding of the German Space Agency „Deutsche Agentur für Raumfahrtangelegenheiten“ DARA



1997 integration of the DARA into the DLR with all their political functions.
Since 1997 DLR means „German Aerospace Centre“



DLR

German Aerospace Center



Research Institution

Space Agency

Project Management Agency



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Key areas

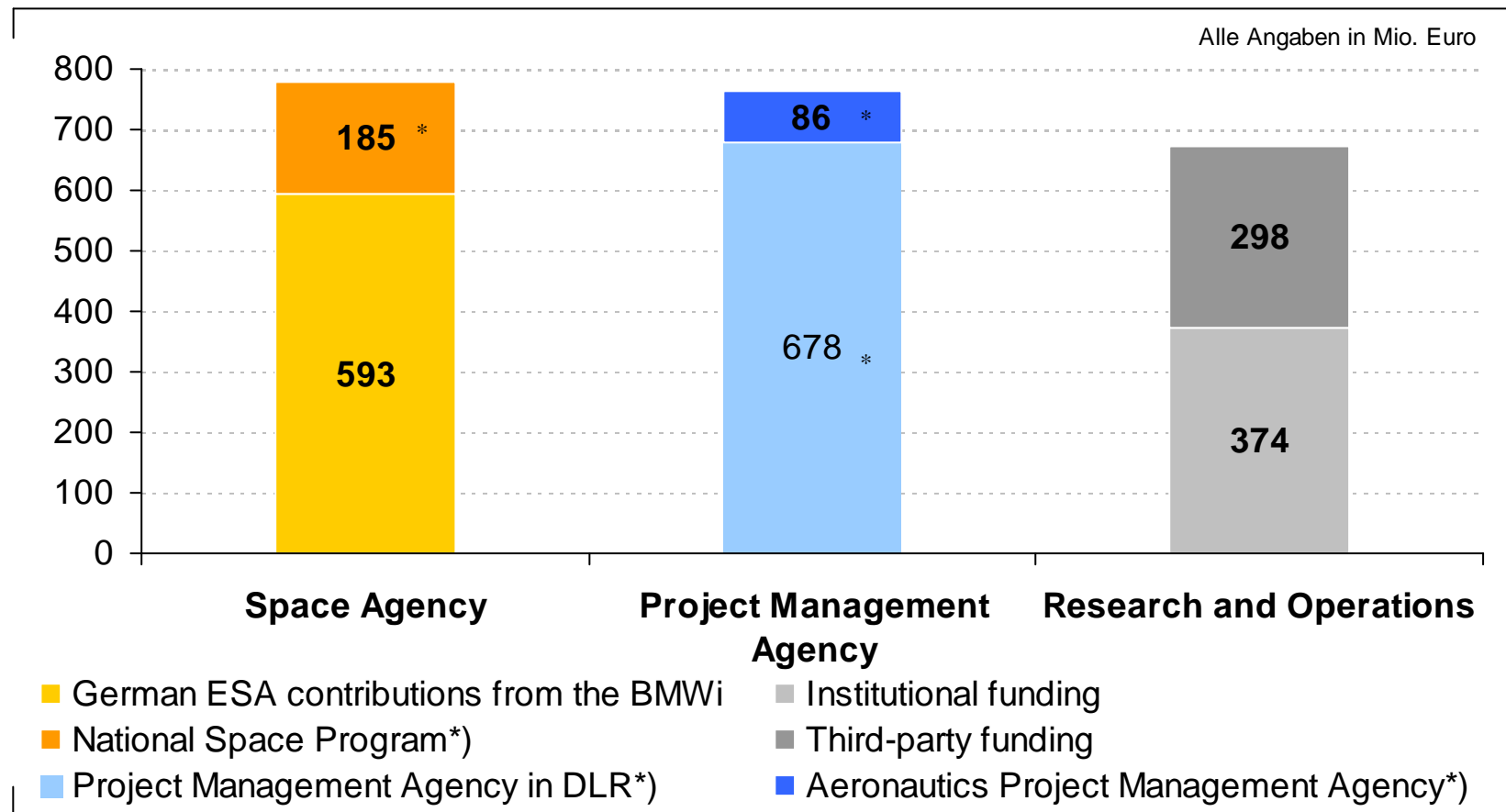
- ✓ **Aeronautics**
- ✓ Space
- ✓ Space Agency
- ✓ Transport
- ✓ Energy
- ✓ Security





Financing of DLR and research funding 2010

2.114 Mio.€



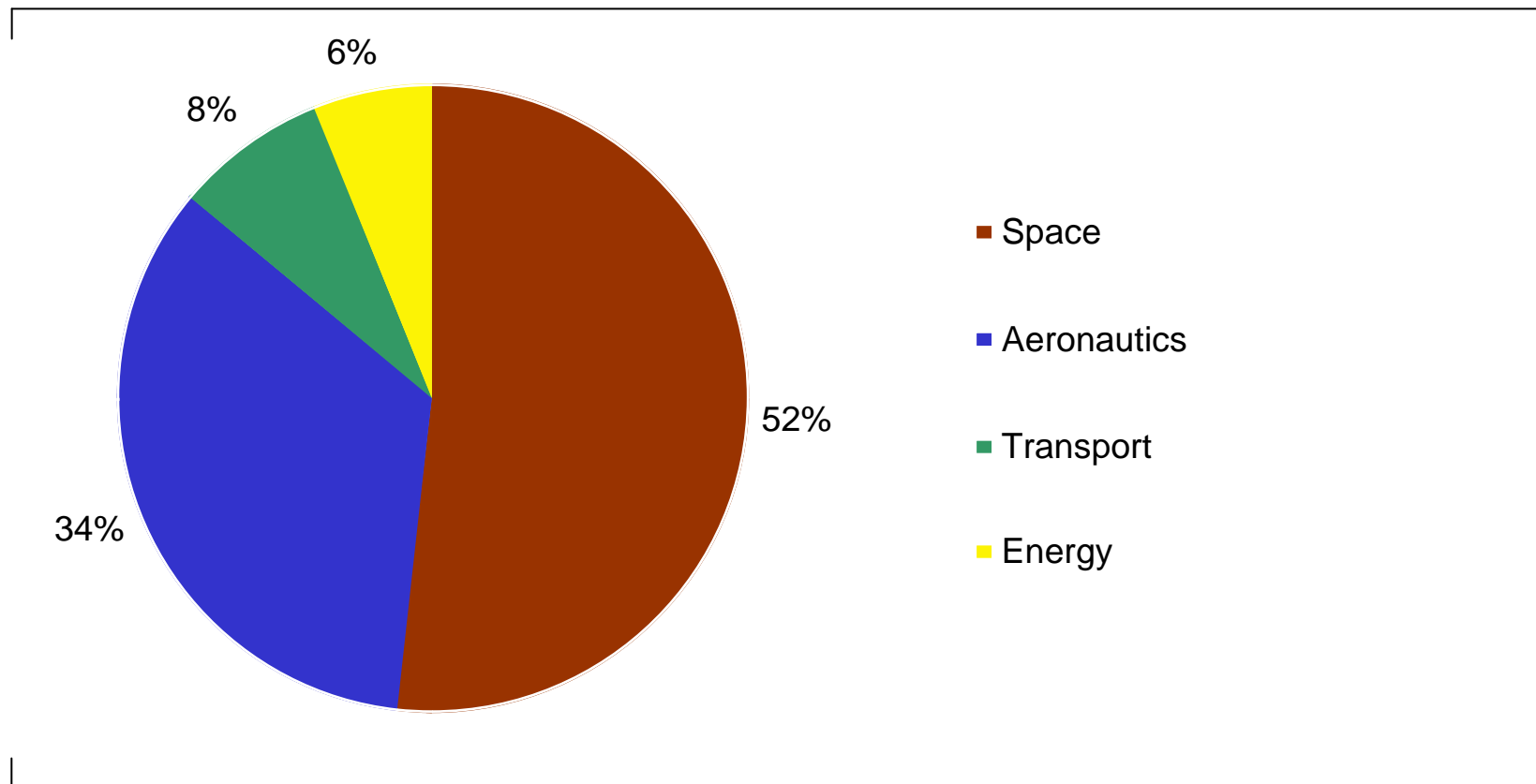
*) without management budget



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Percentage of overall income from research and operations



Sites and employees

6.200 employees working
in 29 research institutes and
scientific and technical facilities

- at 9 sites
- in 6 field offices
(7 field offices of the Project
Management Agency)

Offices in Brussels,
Paris and Washington.

DLR participates in the:

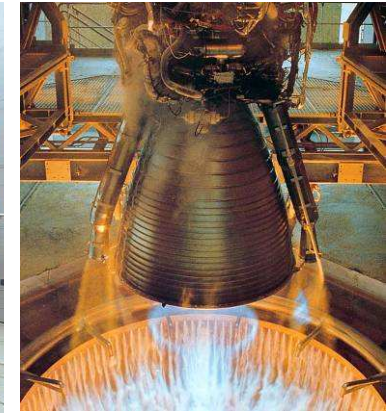
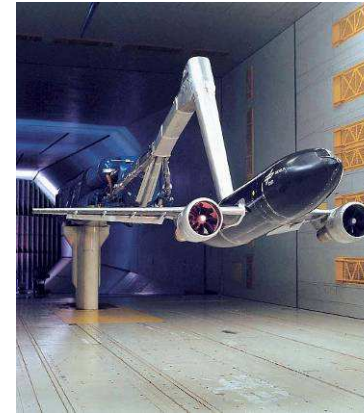
- ◆ European Transsonic
Wind Tunnel (ETW)
- ◆ German-Dutch Wind
Tunnels (DNW)





Large-scale facilities

- ✓ Research aircraft and helicopter fleet,
- ✓ Windtunnels,
- ✓ Engine (rocket and aircraft) test rigs,
- ✓ Solar furnace, solar fields,
- ✓ Autoclaves,
- ✓ Traffic tower.
- ✓ German Space Operations Center (GSOC),
- ✓ German Remote Sensing Data Center (DFD).



Aircraft Research and Test Platforms

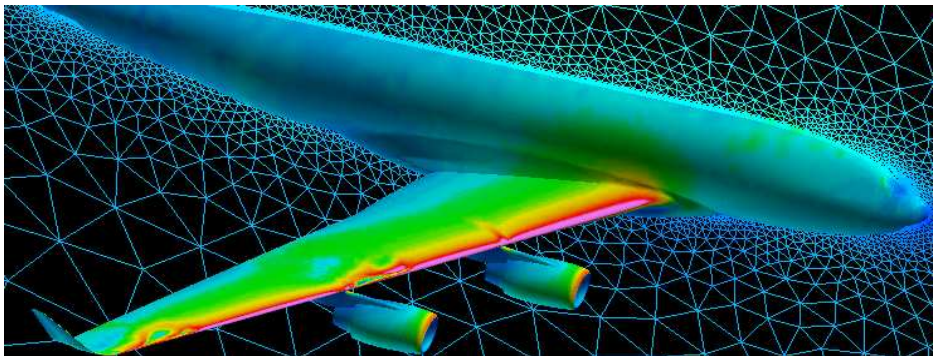
Flight Mechanics / Control
Flight Guidance

Aerodynamics
Atmosphere / Environment



Aeronautics

Leading Partner for Research in National Aeronautical Industry



- Air Transport System Concepts and Assessment
- Energy and Cost Efficient Aircraft
- Efficient and low Emission Aero Engines
- Safe and Efficient Air Transport System
- The Future Helicopter

VISION 2020: Challenges and Associated Goals

Group of Personalities

Pedro Argüelles

John Lumsden

Manfred Bischoff

Denis Ranque

Philippe Busquin

Søren Rasmussen

B.A.C. Droste

Paul Reutlinger

Sir Richard Evans

Sir Ralph Robins

Walter Kröll

Helena Terho

Jean-Luc Lagardère

Arne Wittlöv

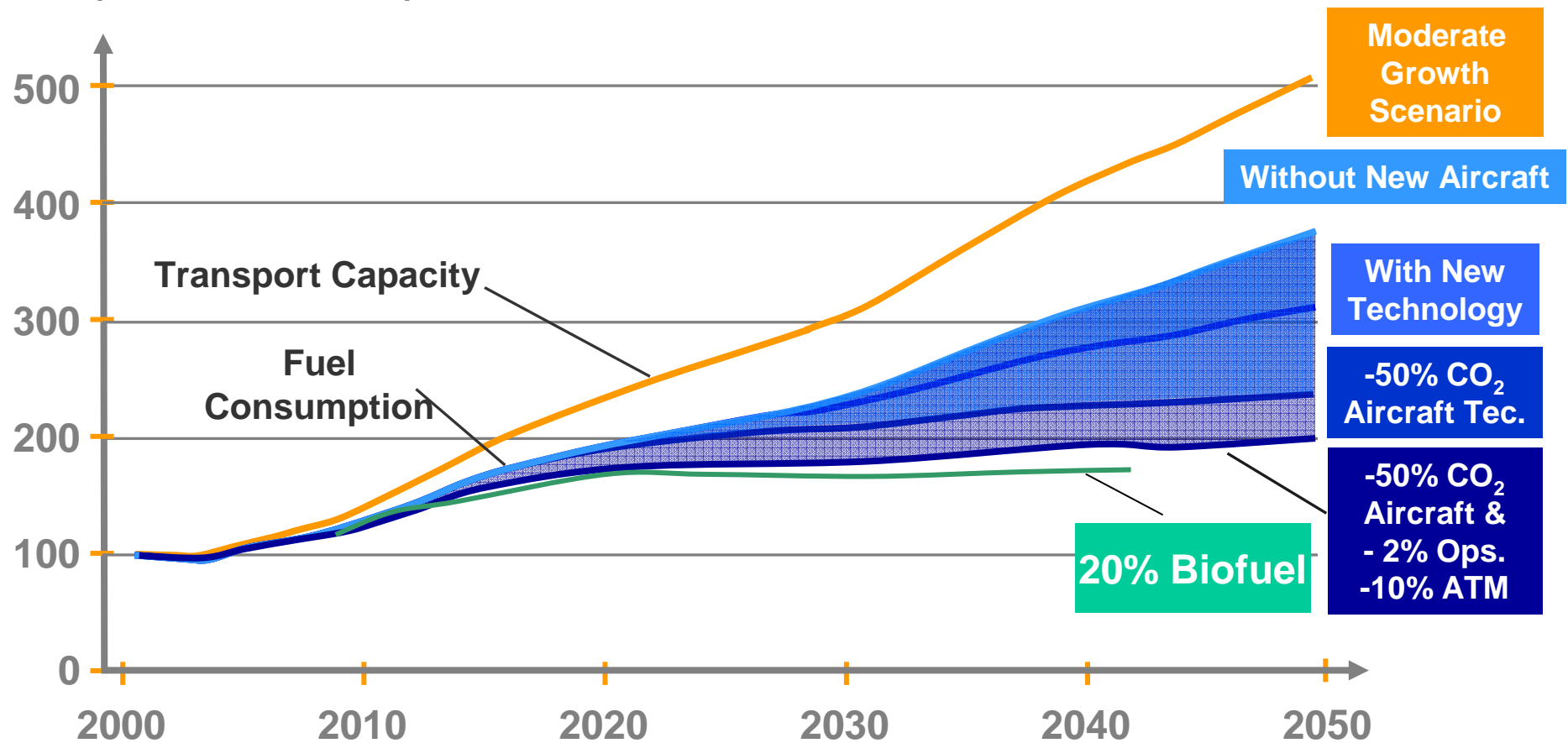
Alberto Lina



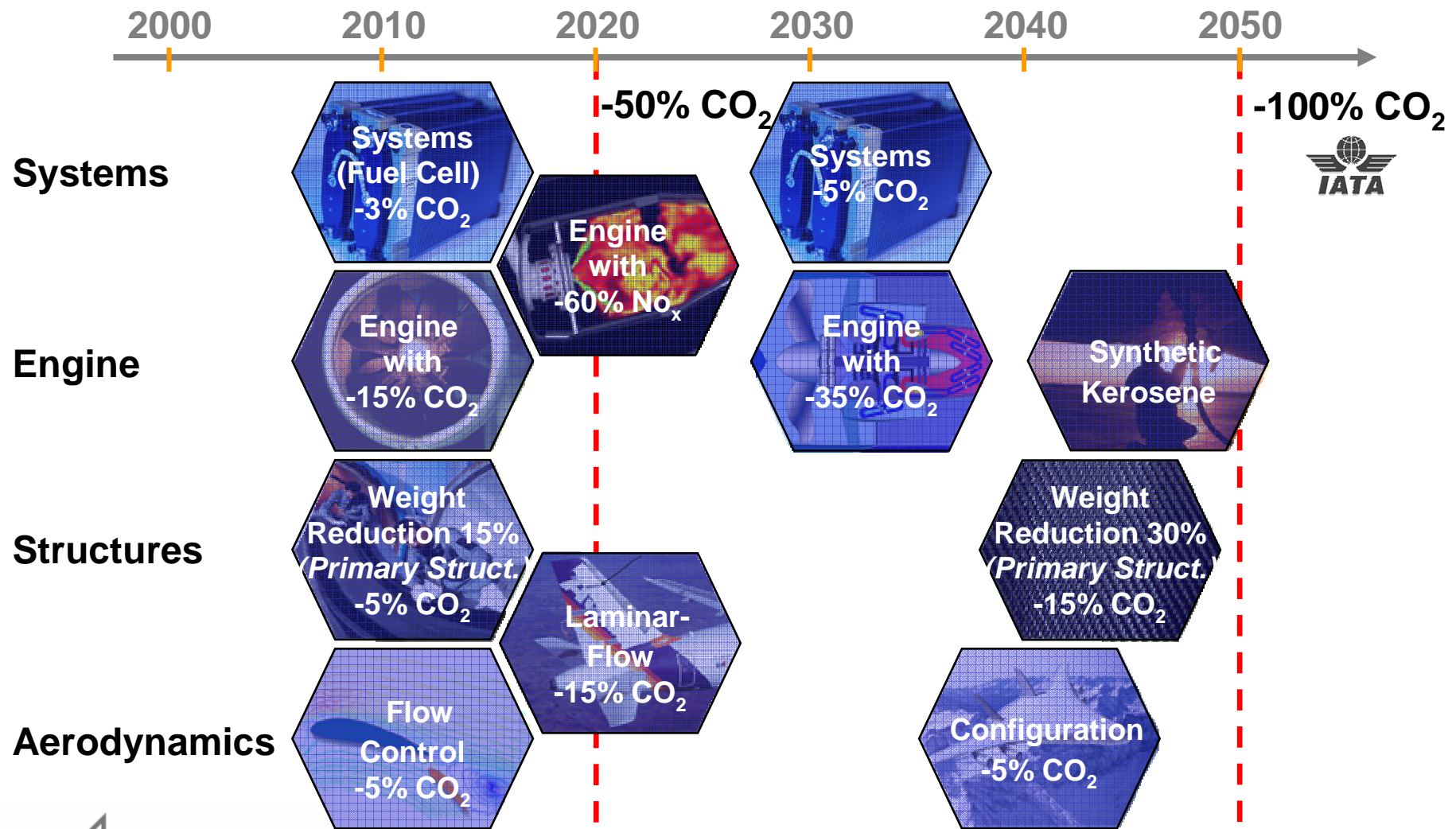
- **Quality and Affordability**
 - *Reduced passenger airfares*
 - *Increased passenger choice*
 - *Modernized freight operations*
 - *Reduced time to market by 50%*
- **The environment**
 - *Reduction of CO₂ by 50%*
 - *Reduction of NO_x by 80%*
 - *Reduction of external noise by 50%*
 - *Substantial progress towards 'Green MMD'*
- **Safety**
 - *Reduction of accident rate by 80%*
 - *Drastic reduction in human error and the consequences*
- **The Efficiency of the Air Transport System**
 - *3X capacity increase*
 - *99% of flights within 15 min of schedule*
 - *Less than 15' min waiting time in the airport for short distance flights*
- **Security**
 - *Airborne – terrorism prevention*
 - *Airport – prevention of unauthorized access (persons or products)*
 - *Air navigation - safe control of hijacked aircraft*

Technology Impact – Extrapolation 2000 - 2050

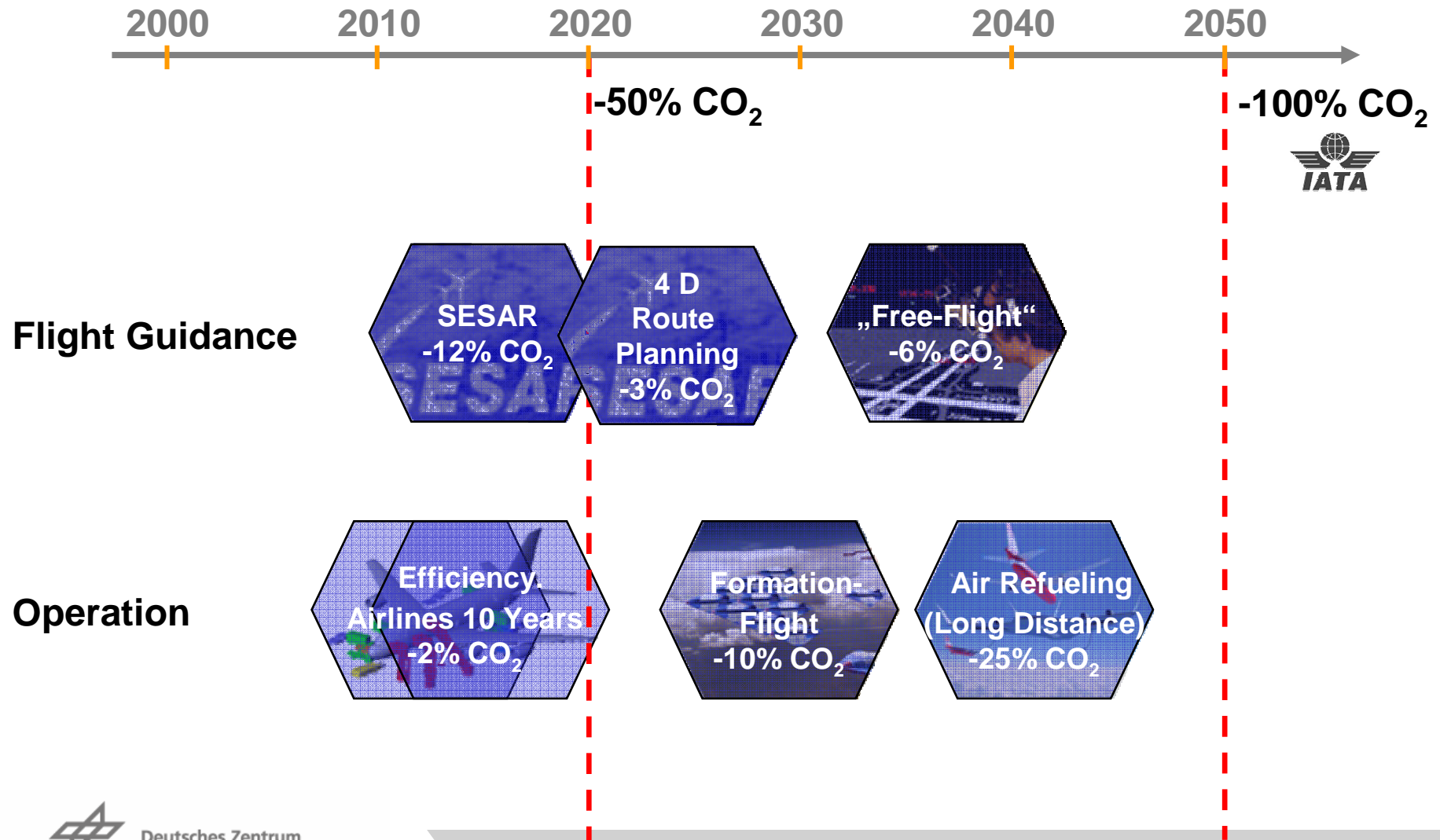
Index (100 = Year 2000)



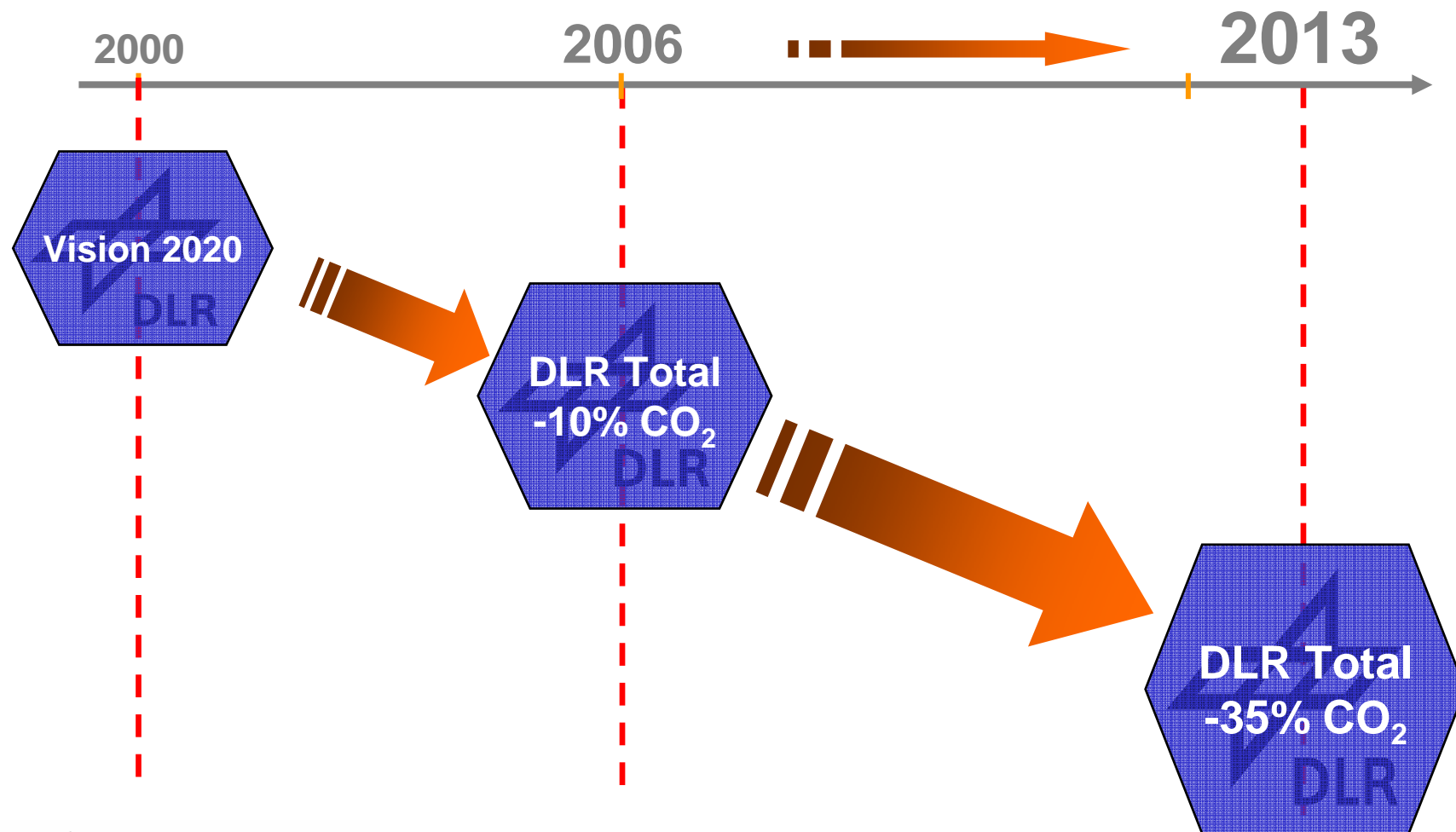
Aircraft Specific Technology



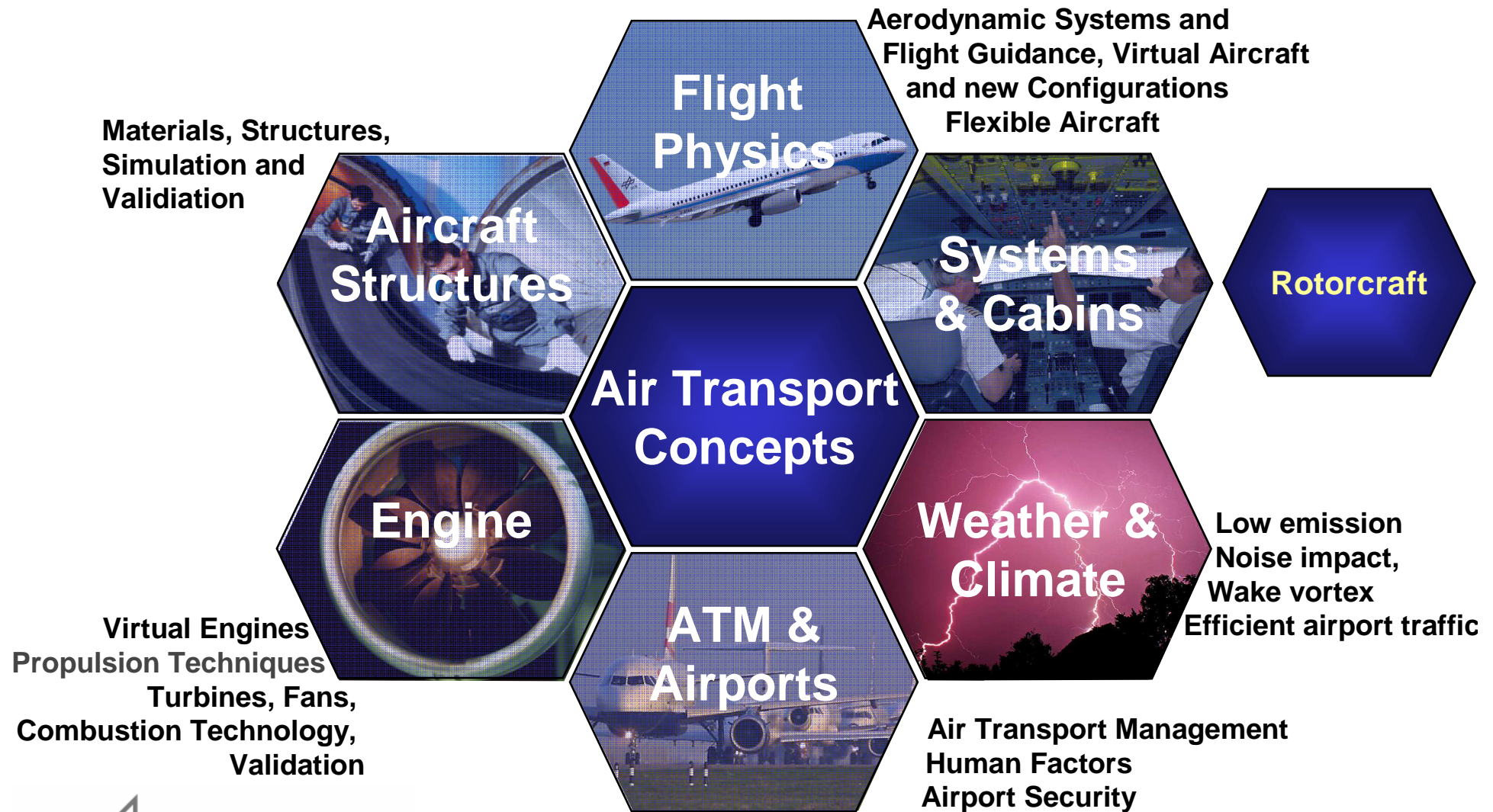
Operation Related Technology



DLR Contribution to Vision 2020



Main Areas of Aeronautics Research at the DLR

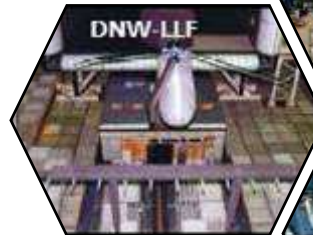


Test Infrastructures

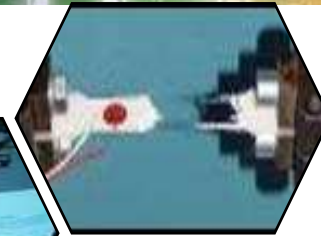
Tower Simulator



Rotor Test Stand



Material Testing



Ground Vibration Testing

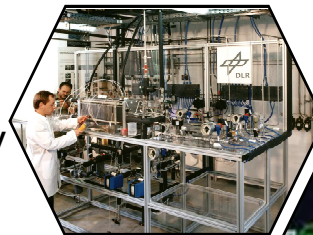


Cockpit Simulator



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Fuel Cell Laboratory



Experimental Combustor



Test Activities

- Basic Research
- Materials Characterization
- System Identification
- Validation of Numerical Tools
- Process Simulation
- Component Testing
- Industrial System Tests



European Transonic Windtunnel ETW



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European Transonic Windtunnel

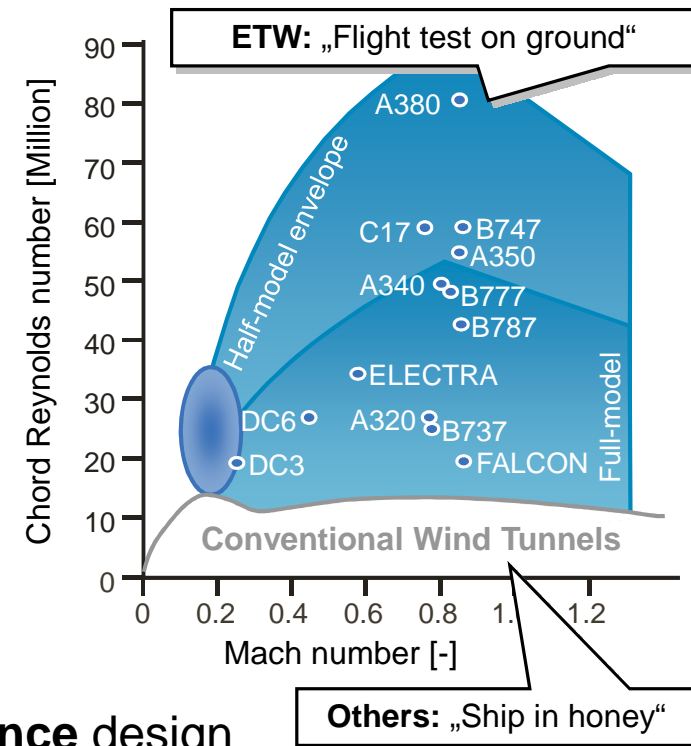
High-lift & high-speed “flight-alike” testing

ETW's time-cost-quality benefits:

- Full-scale Flight Reynolds Number
- Independent Variation of Reynolds Number and Structural Loads
- Productivity and Costs Efficiency
- Security and Client Confidentiality

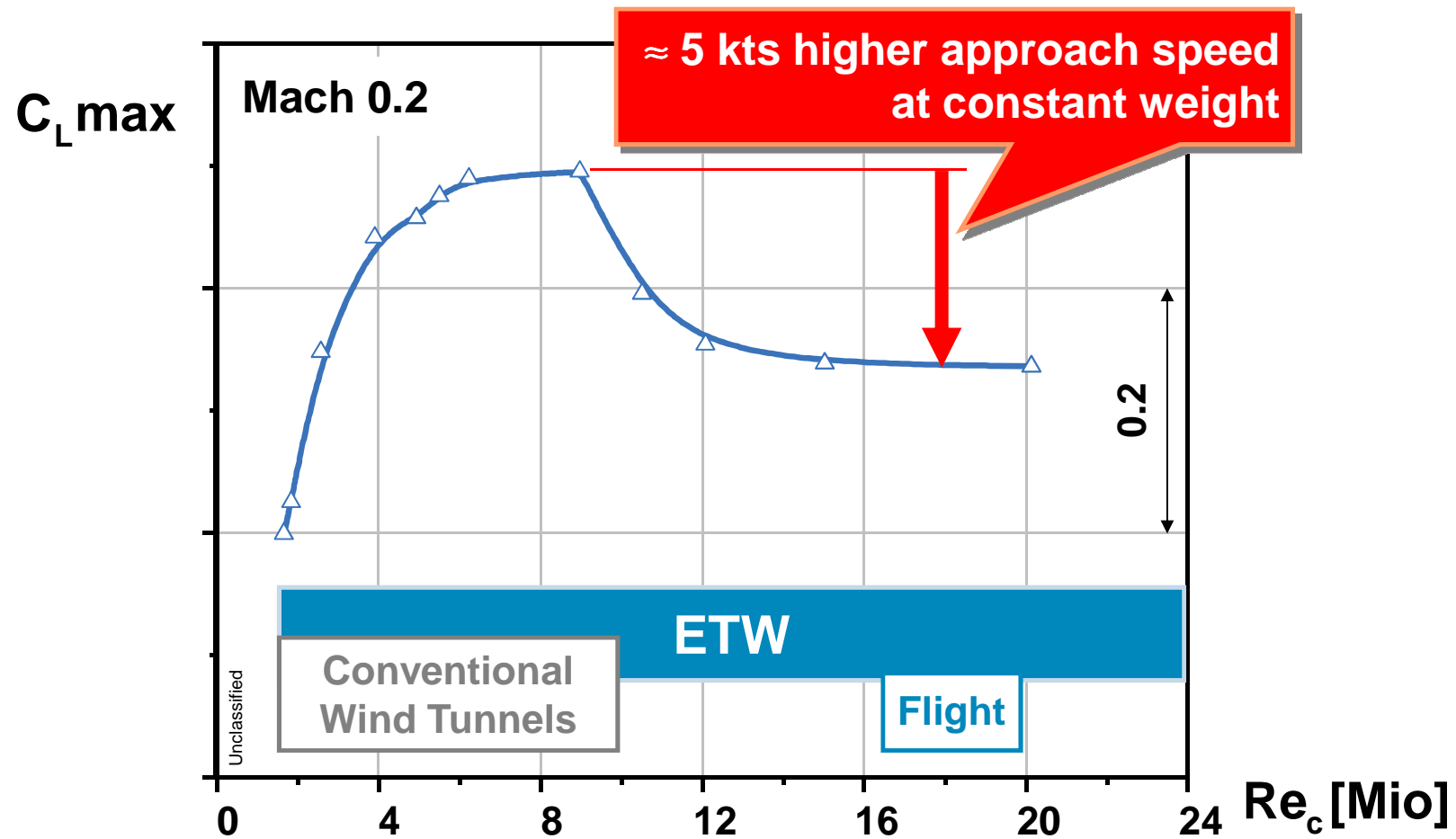
“Flight-alike” testing more accurate than 99%

- ✓ Validation of **cutting-edge aircraft-performance** design
- ✓ Early confidence in **meeting the design requirements**
- ✓ **Valuable risk mitigation**



European Transonic Windtunnel

High-lift testing example





DNW:
Deutsch- Niederländische
Windkanäle

Common operation of 10
wind tunnels in Germany
and the Netherlands



European Cooperation

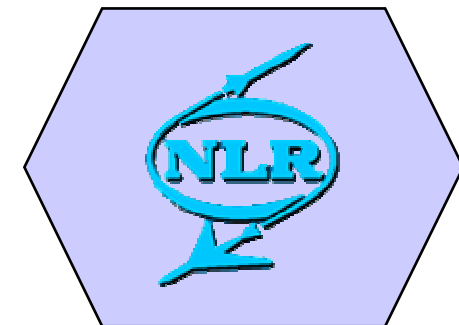
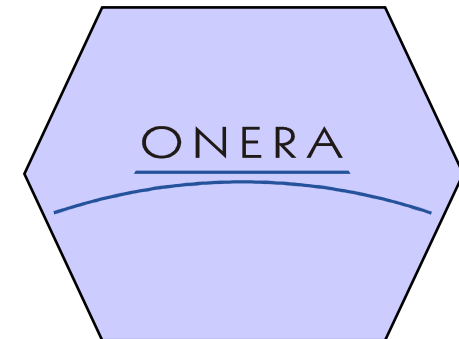
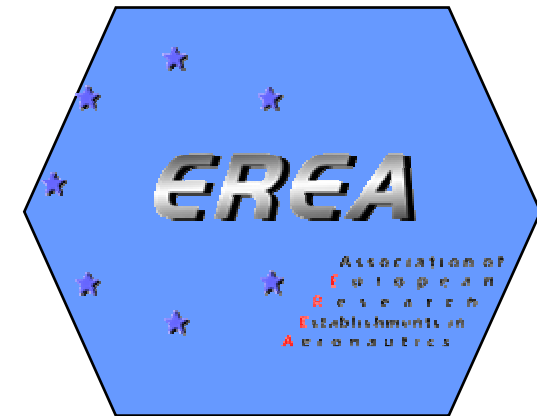
■ EREA Membership

■ Close Collaboration with **ONERA** on

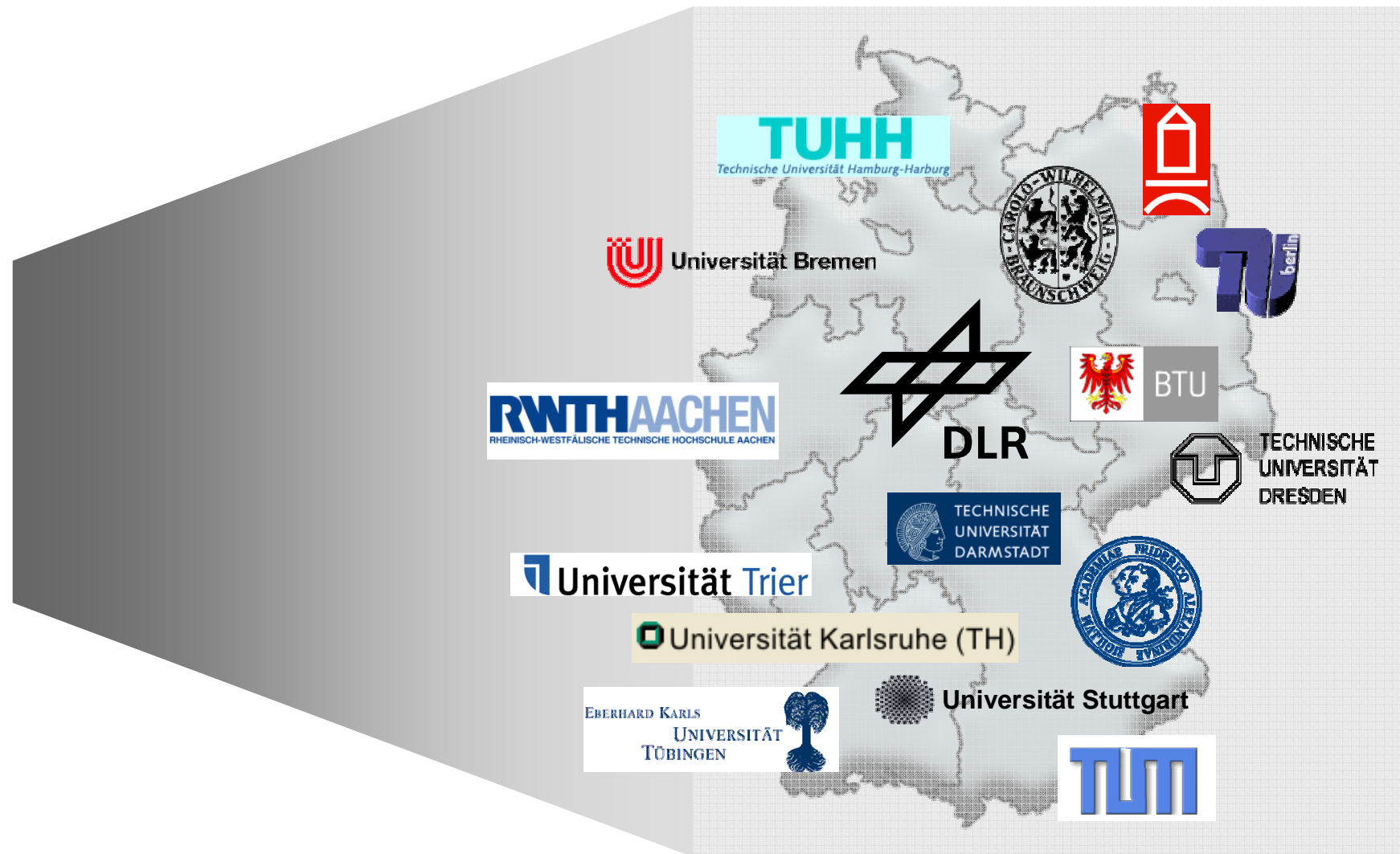
- Fixed wing A/C Research
- Rotorcraft Research

■ Close Collaboration with **NLR** on ATM: **AT-One**

- Joint Operation of Windtunnels with **NLR**: **DNW**
(extended to **ATA** with **ONERA**)
ETW (assisted by NLR, ONERA, DTI, DLR)



Universities





Contact in DLR

www.dlr.de

International cooperation

Scharenberg Rainer

+49 2203 601-4738

+49 2203 601-3907

Rainer.Scharenberg@dlr.de

End of Presentation

Main Industrial Partners

Research Partners and Customers !

